

# **Cambridge IGCSE**<sup>™</sup>

CANDIDATE NAME					
CENTRE NUMBER			CANDIDATE NUMBER		

# 632194719

# PHYSICAL EDUCATION

0413/11

Paper 1 Theory

May/June 2020

1 hour 45 minutes

You must answer on the question paper.

No additional materials are needed.

#### **INSTRUCTIONS**

- Answer all questions.
- Use a black or dark blue pen. You may use an HB pencil for any diagrams or graphs.
- Write your name, centre number and candidate number in the boxes at the top of the page.
- Write your answer to each question in the space provided.
- Do **not** use an erasable pen or correction fluid.
- Do not write on any bar codes.
- You may use a calculator.
- You should show all your working and use appropriate units.

## **INFORMATION**

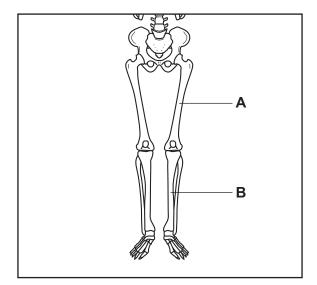
- The total mark for this paper is 100.
- The number of marks for each question or part question is shown in brackets [ ].

This document has 20 pages. Blank pages are indicated.

DC (JC/CT) 182735/3 © UCLES 2020

[Turn over

1 The diagram shows part of a human skeleton.



Mar	ma t	ha k	ones	aha	الما	Δ	and	R	
างสเ	ne u	ne t	JUHES	aue	III <del>C</del> U	А	anu	О.	

Α.	
В.	
	[2

**2** The table shows a training session for a performer who completes the same session twice a week.

training session stages
warm up
1. sprint for 10 seconds on flat terrain
2. jog for 1 minute on flat terrain
3. sprint for 10 seconds uphill
4. walk downhill for 1 minute
5. jog slowly for 1 minute
repeat stages 1. to 5. five times
cool down

(a)	(i)	State which on	<b>e</b> of the following met	hods of training is der	monstrated in the table.
pl	yom	etric training	fartlek training	weight training	continuous training
					[1]
	(ii)	Describe adva	ntages of this method	of training for the per	former.
					[3]
(b)	Des	scribe the physic	ological reasons for a v	varm up.	
					ro1
					[3]
(c)		lain how <b>three</b> sion of this perfo		s of overload could b	e applied to the next training
	1				
	2				
	3				
					[3]
					[Total: 10]

3	(a)		me the level of the sports development pyramid that is described by each of the follow rements:	wing
		(i)	a performer trains twice a week for a regional netball team led by a qualified coach	
				. [1]
		(ii)	a performer attends taster sessions to try different sports with their friends.	
				. [1]
	(b)	•	plain how <b>two</b> factors may cause variations in the skill level of performers.	
				[2]

0413/11/M/J/20

[Total: 4]

© UCLES 2020

4	(a)	Describe the role of haemoglol	oin in the blood.						
				[2					
	(b)		od of a performer changes as a result of high-altit	- '					
				[1					
	(c)	Complete the table to show the missing blood vessel and a description of wall thickness fo an artery.							
		blood vessel	description of wall thickness						
			walls are very thin and are one cell thick						
		artery							
				[2					
				[Total: 5					
5		ne <b>two</b> features of mental heal icipating in physical activity.	th and well-being and describe how each feature	helps wher					
	feat	ure 1							
	des	cription							
	foot								
	aes	cription							
				[4]					

(a)	Name <b>two</b> types of guidance and describe how each type of guidance could be used named physical activity.	in a
	physical activity	
	type of guidance 1	
	description	
	type of guidance 2	
	description	
		[4]
(b)	Explain an appropriate type of feedback for a performer at the cognitive stage of learning	
	type of feedback	
	explanation	
		named physical activity.  physical activity  type of guidance 1  description  type of guidance 2  description  (b) Explain an appropriate type of feedback for a performer at the cognitive stage of learning type of feedback  explanation

7 The photograph shows a professional tennis match.

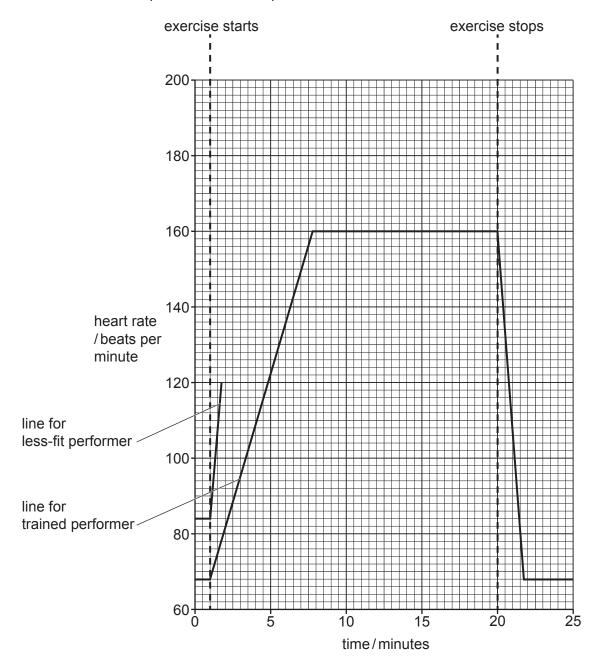


[Total: 6]

(a)	Describe <b>three</b> ways that technology has a positive effect on spectators attending a major sports event, such as a tennis match.
	1
	2
	3
	[3]
(b)	Explain how performers can use different technologies to enhance performance in a named physical activity.
	physical activity
	explanation
	ехріапацоп
	[3]
(c)	Suggest disadvantages that can result from the introduction of technology in sport.
	[4]
	[4]
	[Total: 10]

**8** The graph shows heart rate before, during and after a period of steady aerobic exercise for a trained performer and for a less-fit performer.

The line for the less-fit performer is incomplete.



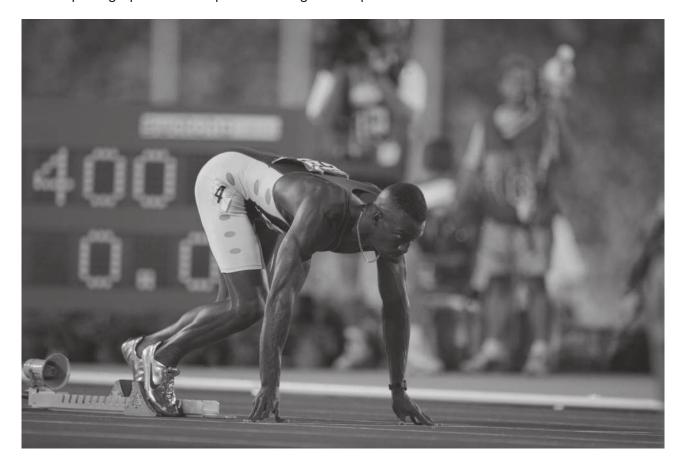
(a) Calculate the difference between the heart rates of the performers before exercise starts.

..... beats per minute [1]

(b) Complete the line for the less-fit performer to show a suitable heart rate response during the period of exercise and recovery. [2]

(c)		gest <b>two</b> reasons for the difference in heart rate between the trained performer and the fit performer during exercise.	ıe
	1		
	2		
			 2]
(d)	(i)	Explain the term cardiac output.	
		[	1]
	(ii)	Calculate the cardiac output for a performer who has a heart rate of 150 beats per minu and a stroke volume of 90 ml.	te
		cardiac output	
		unit[	2]
		[Total:	8]

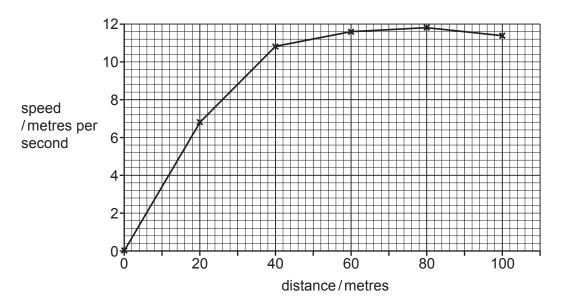
**9** The photograph shows a sprinter holding the set position.



(a)	Name and describe the type of muscle contraction taking place in the photograph.
	type of muscle contraction
	description
	[2]
(b)	Name and describe a different type of muscle contraction that takes place in the legs when the sprinter starts to run.
	type of muscle contraction
	description
	[2]
(c)	Identify three forces acting on a sprinter when starting to run.
	1
	2
	3
	[3]

[Total: 7]

**10** (a) The graph shows the approximate speed in metres per second of an athlete during a 100-metre race.



	(i)	State, using the graph, the maximum speed achieved by the athlete.
		metres per second [1
	(ii)	Calculate the distance the athlete was able to run at speeds above 10 metres per second during the race.
		metres [1
b)	Sur	nmarise how energy is released during a 100-metre sprint.
		[2
c)		scribe the role of Excess Post-exercise Oxygen Consumption (EPOC) in aiding recovery the race.

	(d) Explain now two factors can affect recovery time after the race.	
	1	
	2	
		[2]
		[Total: 9]
11	State <b>two</b> factors that affect a performer's VO <sub>2</sub> max levels.	
	1	
	2	
		[2]

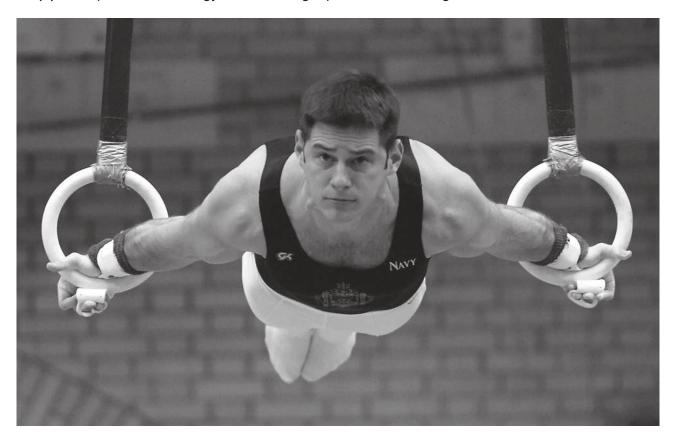
**12** The diagram shows a skilled badminton player about to hit a shuttlecock.



The badminton player uses levers when hitting the shuttlecock.

(a)	State <b>two</b> components of a lever.	
	1	
	2[2	 2]
(b)	Explain how <b>two</b> forces act on the shuttlecock when it is moving through the air.	
	1	
		• •
	2	
	[2	 2]
(c)	Describe, using examples from a named physical activity, <b>three</b> characteristics of a skilled performance.	d
	physical activity	
	1	
	2	
	3	
	[3	 3]

13 (a) The picture shows a gymnast holding a position on the rings.



(i)	Explain how <b>two</b> named components of fitness, other than strength, enable the gymnast to hold the position.
	component of fitness 1
	explanation
	component of fitness 2
	explanation
	[4]

© UCLES 2020

	(ii)	Name and describe <b>one</b> test to measure strength.	
		name of test	
		description	
			 [4]
(b)	Des	scribe <b>three</b> reasons for regular fitness testing.	
` ,			
	2		
	3		
			[3]

[Total: 11]

(a)	Name and describe <b>two</b> types of anxiety.	
	type of anxiety 1	
	description	
	type of anxiety 2	
	description	
		 [4]
(b)	Describe <b>two</b> possible causes of anxiety during a named physical activity.	
	physical activity	
	cause 1	
	cause 2	
		 [2]
		description

[Total: 6]

# **BLANK PAGE**

15 The photograph shows an athlete completing a marathon race.



(a) Describe different benefits of **two** named nutrients, other than water, that enable the athlete to meet the demands of the event. State a food source rich in each nutrient.

utrient 1
enefit
ood source
utrient 2
enefit
ood source
6] [6]

(b) All performers need to drink water regularly when involved in physical activity.

Suggest <b>three</b> physiological effects on the athlete of <b>not</b> drinking enough water during the race.
1
2
3
[3]

[Total: 9]

### **BLANK PAGE**

Permission to reproduce items where third-party owned material protected by copyright is included has been sought and cleared where possible. Every reasonable effort has been made by the publisher (UCLES) to trace copyright holders, but if any items requiring clearance have unwittingly been included, the publisher will be pleased to make amends at the earliest possible opportunity.

To avoid the issue of disclosure of answer-related information to candidates, all copyright acknowledgements are reproduced online in the Cambridge Assessment International Education Copyright Acknowledgements Booklet. This is produced for each series of examinations and is freely available to download at www.cambridgeinternational.org after the live examination series.

Cambridge Assessment International Education is part of the Cambridge Assessment Group. Cambridge Assessment is the brand name of the University of Cambridge Local Examinations Syndicate (UCLES), which itself is a department of the University of Cambridge.